

Sexual Assault Prevention and Response Office

Update

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PREVENTING SEXUAL ASSAULT IS EVERYONE'S DUTY.

My Goals

- Clear, timely guidance
- More collaboration with the Services (bi-monthly meetings)
- Responsive to Congress, White House, Services, DACOWITS
- All must be done within current fiscal realities: What can we do to improve the program AND save dollars?
 - Are there redundancies we can eliminate?
 - Share same "pool" of expert speakers—one contract vehicle?
 - Streamline research efforts so we have consistency?
 - Develop common metrics to assess progress?
 - Consolidate and standardize training across the Services?

Pending Policy Revisions

- Include but are not limited to:
 - Requires victims be given priority as <u>emergency</u> cases at Military Treatment Facilities
 - Establishes Defense Sexual Assault Incident Database (DSAID)
 - Enhances training requirements for commanders and military responders
 - Law enforcement, criminal investigators, judge advocates, trial counsel, medical personnel and chaplains
 - Outlines expedited transfer options
 - Provides access to legal assistance
 - Makes active duty service members sexually assaulted prior to enlistment eligible for SAPR services
 - Offers victims assistance of SARC and/or VA who is nationally credentialed
 - Requires longer retention of sexual assault evidence and documents

Efforts Extend Outside DoD

- DoD sharing best practices and learning with organizations within and external to the United States
 - Contributing to National Action Plan on UN Resolution 1325 ("Women, Peace and Security")
 - Signatories developing national plans for ensuring women can work and live in safety
 - Working with Department of State and U.S. Agency for International Development
 - Met with Peace Corps representatives to share insights on DoD efforts in victim care, prevention, and oversight
 - Briefed Lynn Rosenthal, White House Advisor on Violence Against Women
 - White House and Congress have clear interest in investigations and commander accountability



DoD Safe Helpline

- Provides secure and anonymous worldwide 24/7 capability for Service members to get assistance and crisis support
 - Via online and telephone hotlines and texting services
 - Operated by Rape Abuse Incest National Network which runs national civilian hotline
- Launched in Feb 2011 and as of 31 Aug, we have had:
 - 18,898 unique visitors to website and 1,106 people helped
- Initial 90-day analysis of approx 200 users suggests:
 - One-third who self-identified were men
 - Of that one-third, 50% discussed a sexual assault that took place 5 years ago or more and that it impacts their current functioning and relationships
 - More men are visiting SHL compared to RAINN's National Hotline
 - Majority of visitors self-identified as <u>Active Duty</u> and as <u>victim</u>
 - Topics included legal and police issues, impact on family and relationships, anxiety and depression
 - 8% discussed self harm and 5% suicide

My Focus: Command Climate

- The right command climate is key to preventing, reporting and prosecuting sexual assault crimes
 - Clear messaging on responsibility
 - Sexual assault is a crime and will not be ignored, excused or condoned
 - Inherent confidence in the system
 - Victim allegations taken seriously and victims assisted through entire process
 - Allegations quickly investigated and appropriate action taken
- The right command climate will ensure victims of sexual assault feel confident enough to report and seek the help they need
 - Increase in the number of reports may indicate an increased level of confidence



You Asked: How is command climate evaluated?

- Results on command climate related to sexual assault likely to offer insights into other areas as well
- Do NOT want to evaluate by number of actual reports tied to a commander
 - May discourage Service members from reporting
 - Assault may have occurred elsewhere but reported at new location…is that "good" or "bad"?
 - Don't judge a commander's performance on just one topic
- Bottom line: Commanders need to be held accountable for the climate within their unit
 - And if not doing what is needed, THEIR Commander must step in

Starting to Understand the Climate

- In DEOMI's existing Organizational Climate Survey, sexual harassment questions get at:
 - Type (remarks, "jokes", etc) and whether personally experienced
- DEOMI is drafting sexual assault questions for SAPRO review
 - Will get at knowledge of how to report, satisfaction with training, etc.
 - To be fielded in Organizational Climate Survey by January 2012
- In DMDC survey, women who had experienced "unwanted sexual contact" and made unrestricted report asked of any impact:
 - 62% perceived repercussions (professional, social or administrative)
- DMDC and Air Force Gallup survey asked reasons for not reporting
 - Didn't want superiors to know
 - Did not want to cause trouble
 - Don't trust reporting process

- Didn't want "troublemaker" label
- Thought perf eval might suffer
- Not clear anything could be done

Issue: Improvements Needed at Joint Bases?

- Challenge: SAPR services are co-located at Joint Bases, but appear to operate independently and may not be coordinated
- Next Steps: SAPRO will lead working group comprised of Service representatives and Base POCs to determine scope of problem and develop solutions
- Potential Topics of Discussion:
 - Ensure Joint presence at monthly Case Management Group to facilitate communication and process review
 - Pool SARC and SAPR Victim Advocate resources to offer on-call assistance
 - Provide standard Joint SAPR training with Service-specific break-outs
 - Use DoD Safe Helpline as the only hotline, to include referral to first available SARC and other first responders, regardless of Service

Issue: Ensure Quality Continuum of Care

- Challenge: Need to care for victims of sexual assault beyond active duty
 - Some victims may wait to come forward until they are under the care of the Department of Veterans Affairs (DVA)

Our Efforts:

- SAPRO staff included in training program for incoming Recovery Care Coordinators
 - Provides situational awareness and opportunity to discuss what to do if Service member or veteran talks about a sexual assault
- Working now with DVA
 - Create procedures for a "warm handoff" from SARCs to DVA resources
 - Pursue efforts that remind Service members of sexual assault resources during transition
 - Discuss how to capture reports of sexual assaults after transition
 - Improve sexual assault documentation sharing and victim access

You asked: Do you publicize case outcomes?

- Answer: DoD does not have policy preventing this and it is up to the installation commander, keeping in mind concerns for confidentiality of victim and accused
 - Could lead to unintended consequences
 - E.g., Acquittal may be interpreted as victim lied or puts a chill on unrestricted reporting
- Disposition of cases provided at end of annual report which is publically available
- Commanders make decisions on this at base level
 - Many base papers carry listing of court outcomes
- Results of closed cases can be FOIAed and courts are open to public

Going Forward: Help spread our message

- "Sexual assault is a crime. We will not ignore it, condone it or excuse it."
 - Everyone within DoD needs to hear this message....again and again
- Emphasize to Service members that they have the right to live and work in a safe environment
 - Do not operate in fear of a sexual assault
 - Know that victims will get needed care, be listened to and treated with respect
 - Perpetrators will be held accountable
- Let me know what you hear so we can continue to improve and be responsive